



## The Daily News

NEWPORT

Monday Afternoon, June 22, 1863.

For Editorial, Department, Local News Items, General and War News, see this page. Latest News, Telegrams, Commercial and Marine Matters, Travel, Miscellaneous Reading, Call Subscription and Advertising Terms, First page.

Advertisements are allowed to insert advertisement copy free or extra in the columns of this paper.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, &c.  
Adjutant General's Office,  
Providence, June 16, 1863.

The President of the United States having made a requisition upon this State for volunteers to serve for a period of six months unless sooner discharged, to resist the threatened invasion of the free State by those in arms against the government.

It is ordered—  
I. That three regiments of Infantry and one regiment of Cavalry be organized without delay to respond to the call which has been made.

II. The commanding officers of all chartered companies or companies of militia are directed to not assembling officers. They will open their armories for each company, and make daily reports to this office of the number of assembled men who shall volunteer for service.

III. A camp of instruction will be established upon the Dexter Training Ground, to which place all men will be forwarded as soon as recruited. The Quartermaster General will furnish the necessary transportation and subsistence upon the proper requisition.

IV. As soon as a sufficient number of men to form a company have reported for service at camp, they will proceed to the election of company officers, and the persons elected will be commissioned, if approved by the Governor. As soon as ten companies have been formed they will be organized into a regiment, mustered into the service, and dispatched to the field.

V. There will be raised for the special service required by the President of the United States, three regiments of Infantry and one regiment of Cavalry, which will be designated as the 11th, 12th and 13th regiments of Infantry and the 1st regiment of Cavalry.

The 11th regiment will be under the command of Colonel Nelson Vail; the 12th regiment will be under the command of Colonel Nathan Goff; the 13th regiment will be under the command of Colonel George L. Cooke; and the 1st regiment of Cavalry will be under the command of Colonel William H. East.

VI. The Governor earnestly appeals to the citizens of the State to give a hearty and prompt response to the call which is now made upon our patriotism. A successful invasion of the free State will be followed by most disastrous consequences to our country, while on the other hand if the enemy is signally repulsed in his last desperate attempt upon which necessity has driven him to make his all, the advantages to us will be among the most important of the war. To citizens who volunteer for the service which is now so urgently required an exemption will be enjoyed from the impending draft under the conscription act of Congress, and the State will be credited upon her quota with the number of men which may volunteer. In no way therefore can the citizens of the State be more easily relieved from the common burden of the war than by promptly responding to this call for a service which will be of the greatest value to the General Government, and will be the least onerous to ourselves.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,  
EDWARD C. MAURAN, Adjutant General.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,  
Adjutant General's Office,  
Providence, June 17, 1863.

General Order No. 17.  
A Battery of Light Artillery, to serve for a period of six months, unless sooner discharged, to be designated the 11th Rhode Island Battery, will at once be raised, under the direction of Lieut. Colonel Edwin C. Gallup, who is authorized to receive recruits for the same.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,  
EDWARD C. MAURAN, Adjutant General.

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BLIND POLICY.

The Boston Herald has very fully discussed the policy of the War Department as follows:—The events of the past few days have forced upon the minds of everybody a fact, to which we have been reluctant to refer hitherto but which has engaged our thoughts more the less because it did not seem expedient to discuss it openly. We mean the total failure on the part of the War Department to provide any system, either for keeping our regiments full under the losses occasioned by a campaign, or for replacing men whose departure from the service could be foreseen months in advance.

This want of all provision for the future is a trouble of long standing. It made its appearance early last year, when it was announced authoritatively in the Senate that we had men enough, and when in consequence recruiting was brought summarily to a close. It was certain even then, upon a calm review of the facts that a large supply of men must be forthcoming in the summer, and that to secure their full efficiency they should be enlisted as early as possible, and disciplined and drilled in advance of the actual need of their services. The vexed question as to the withholding of McDowell's corps from the Peninsula was a warning upon this subject, for it appeared, as soon as the government judged itself unable to carry out the original scheme, and to keep a corps in front of Washington also, that it had too few men for its purposes. The warning was neglected, however, and the waste of a campaign was forgotten, until finally our forces were compelled to stand upon the defensive, while a new levy was made and brought into the field.

The mistake which led to this unfortunate and unnecessary interruption of a campaign in which so much was at stake, was generally understood throughout the country. If any part of our citizens had before adopted the notion that an army could be raised for the war once for all and finish the work without need of being replenished the delusion vanished when the call for nine months' men was made. It was then expected by everybody, we may safely say, that provision would be made in advance of the expiration of their term, to meet the want occasioned by their withdrawal and by the further waste of the campaign, and subject to the losses occasioned by battle and exposure; and yet no provision appears to have been made to meet this state of things, which not only could easily be, but was very generally foreseen, several months ago. Lee threatens Pennsylvania and the only resource of the government is, at this stage of our experience, to call for militia to resist an enemy who is supposed to be

already on the march with his disciplined legions! It was anticipated by many, we know, that the gaps in our ranks this spring and summer would be filled by enlisting black troops; but the reasons for believing that the supply of these would be but limited, as has proved to be the case, were so obvious, as was pointed out months ago in these columns, that we are unable to believe that the War Department ever counted seriously upon a timely supply of men from that quarter.

It appears to us then that a fact which has been proved over and over again, that the War Department fails to apply the simplest rules of practical sense in estimating its wants for the future, as simple as those of addition and subtraction. Given a certain number of men with a stated term of service and a certain probable waste, it fails to understand how soon their superiority of numbers will be lost, or to comprehend the need of timely provision to replace them. The Secretary of War long since found himself discredited in managing campaigns with no strategy save that of moving at once upon the enemy's works, and abandoned that part of his functions to General Halleck, to whom strategy is as much a delight as it was an aversion with Mr. Stanton. But who can say that the Secretary's failure has not been equally signal, in that part of his duties which come peculiarly within the functions of the head of a bureau?

Local News Items.

DEATH OF JOHN BOLT, Esq.—It is our melancholy duty to announce to-day the death of John Bolt, Esq., a well known citizen of Newport. Mr. Bolt was the youngest son of the late Hon. Henry Bolt of this city, with whose memory for worth, amiability of disposition, strength of purpose and strong and enduring friendship his life has ever been a connecting link. He has for ten years past occupied the position of Treasurer to the Newport Gas Light Company, and in this sphere of duty he has particularly excelled—indeed the present system of accuracy and simplicity with which the Co's works are conducted, to the interest of both the stock-holders and the community, are principally owing to the untiring industry and strict integrity of his management, the perfection of which had hardly been reached when he was called from above to render an account of his stewardship. Few men in our community has made as strong and lasting friendships, few have shown as much self-sacrifice, and determination in carrying out the same, and none have done so with a stronger integrity of purpose. Mr. Bolt's untimely death is a loss to the community, and his death will cause feeling of melancholy throughout our community. Peace to his ashes.

THE FIRE ALARMS.—The sale of elegantly carved copies of Ancient vases in Alabaster stone imported from Italy, by Wm. Brothers will take place on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, at the store No. 145 Thames St., foot of Church St., and continued in the evening. The collection contains objects which combine the instructive, with the ornamental, and are well calculated to give general satisfaction and will be ready for examination on Tuesday evening and all day Wednesday and evening.

U. S. Circuit Court.—The jury in the case Mary A. Barnham vs. William H. Chaston, et al brought in a verdict this morning in favor of the defendant Mrs. Barnham for \$1000; the defendant being obliged to pay all costs in the suit, which makes the damages in reality much larger than they are apparently.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SPECIAL SESSION.—AT PROVIDENCE.

Friday Afternoon, June 19.

The Senate re-assembled at 3 o'clock. His Excellency Governor Smith in the Chair.

Mr. Clegg, from the committee on finance, reported back a resolution for the pay of E. Allen, &c., and an act in amendment of Chapter 12, "Of the revenue of the State," both of which were passed in concurrence.

Mr. Moore, from the Committee on Corporations, reported back an act to incorporate the Jackson Mills Co., which was passed in concurrence with amendments.

Also, the petition of the First Light Infantry Company, which was granted in concurrence.

Mr. Pondexter, from the Committee on the Militia, reported back a resolution providing for the hiring of a suitable building for the safe keeping of the arms of the State and of the United States, which was passed. Also, a resolution for paying certain minors of the 10th Regiment the sum of \$10 each, which was passed in concurrence.

An act to promote further enlistments into military service of the United States army from the House, with verbal amendments, which were read, and the act as amended passed in concurrence.

The Senate also concurred in the passage of the following acts:

An act in amendment of Chapter 429 of the Revised Statutes—"Of Fines and Penalties."

An act authorizing the town of North Providence to raise money for the existing civil war.

An invitation to join the House in Grand Committee was read and accepted.

The resolution of adjournment was concurred in, and the Senate was declared adjourned to meet according to law.

House of Representatives.

Adjutant General's Office.

The House met at 3 o'clock. Mr. Speaker Dyer in the Chair.

Further discussion ensued upon the amendment offered at the former session, paying \$100 bounty to six months men, instead of \$50, which was participated in by Messrs. Woodell, of Pawtucket, Smith, of Glocester, Woodell, of Westerly, Finch, of Newport, Bartholomew, of Cumberland, and Clarke, of Providence.

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Woodell, of Pawtucket, also offered an amendment, giving to every person now in the service, who may be honorably discharged and who may be enlisted under the present call, the sum of \$125.

Mr. Finch, of Newport, offered an amendment to the amendment, extending the provision to all those who have been in the service and received an honorable discharge.

Both amendments were lost.

Mr. Woodell, of Westerly, offered a substitute to the first section of the bill, authorizing the Governor to pay in advance to volunteers for three years the sum of \$100 for the first year's service, \$125 for the second year's service, and \$125 for the third year.

Mr. Clarke, of Providence, offered the following as an amendment to the second section of the bill: "Provided that the Governor may, in his discretion, pay the bounty authorized by this act, either to the person collecting, or to those dependent upon him for support." Lost.

On motion of Mr. Sheffield of Newport the

House concurred with the Senate in the passage of the bill as amended.

The act authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to suspend for a limited period the operation of Chapter 421 of the Revised Statutes (from the Senate) was concurred in.

A resolution (from the Senate) for the payment of certain minors in the 10th Regiment, was referred to the finance committee.

A resolution (from the Senate) authorizing the Governor to hire a suitable building or buildings for keeping the military property of this State of the United States. The House concurred in.

The petition of Charles Jackson and others for act of incorporation, (from the Senate with an amendment) was concurred in.

Mr. Woodell, of Pawtucket, from the Committee on State Property, reported back the resolution providing for the painting and repairing of the Senate room and Representatives Hall, and it was read and passed.

Mr. Clarke, of Providence, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the act authorizing the town of North Providence to raise money for the existing civil war, and it was read and passed.

Mr. Lapham called up from the table the amendment offered by him at the morning session to Chapter 426, "Of Fines and Penalties" which was passed.

Mr. Bailey, of North Providence, reported back the resolution to pay certain minors in the 10th Regiment, and the House concurred with the Senate in its passage.

Mr. Woodbury, of Providence, moved that an invitation be sent to the Senate to join the House in Grand Committee at 5:15 o'clock, for the election of Public Notaries and Justices of the Peace.

In Grand Committee.

His Excellency the Governor in the Chair.

On motion of Mr. Gannett, of Warren, John Boyden, of Providence county, and William G. Gannett, of Kent county, were elected Trustees of the Normal School.

The following Justices of the Peace and Public Notaries were elected:

City of Providence.—Robert Carson, Samuel P. Patton, Joseph S. G. Cobb, William C. Townsend, Robert Sanders, Smith S. Sweet, Samuel Clough.

East Providence.—Henry H. Dyer.

Warwick.—Charles R. Keyon.

Providence.—Charles D. Barnes.

Barrington.—Henry Staples.

Salisbury.—Joseph H. Dyer.

South Kingstown.—Matthew Clappell.

Uxbridge.—Henry H. Dyer.

Notaries Public.—George O. Willard, John H. Randolph, S. S. Lapham, Sylvester Patterson.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Glocester, the Grand Committee rose and the two Houses separated.

House of Representatives.

The Speaker in the Chair.

Mr. Bailey, of North Providence, offered a resolution providing for the pay of officers attending upon the present session of the General Assembly, which was passed.

Mr. Woodbury, of Providence, offered a resolution of adjournment, which passed, and the House adjourned to meet on the second Monday in January next, as provided by law.

WAR NEWS.

SMALL REBEL RAID IN TO INDIANA.

CALL FOR 20 THOUSAND VOLUNTEERS.

Cincinnati, June 20. Yesterday about 100 of the 11th Kentucky rebel cavalry crossed the Ohio river into Harrison County, Ind., for the purpose of making a raid into the interior.

At Orleans the rebels had a skirmish with the Union Guard, whom they repulsed. The rebels were moving towards the Ohio and Mississippi Railroads at the last accounts. The militia with the convalescents from the hospitals at New Albany and Louisville have started in pursuit of the rebels. The Indiana State Authorities have issued a call for 20,000 volunteers to serve for six months.

FROM PORT HUDSON.

THE BOMBARDMENT STILL CONTINUED.

New York, June 20. A Mobile dispatch of the 19th inst., to the Chattanooga Rebel says: The latest news from Port Hudson is that the bombardment still continues.

Citizens of Horn Lake report thirty-seven transports with troops and supplies, are going down the Mississippi river.

A dispatch from Sumner, Miss., to the same paper says passengers from Plantationville heard heavy firing at Port Hudson.

The Essex is reported captured by our forces and several gunboats disabled.

A gentleman from Woodville reports that Gen. Banks is fortifying on Thompson's Creek, northward of Port Hudson, and planting heavy siege guns.

TIME OF SERVICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS.

Philadelphia, June 20. In response to a dispatch from Hon. Henry D. Moore, Gov. Curtin replies as follows:

Harrisburg, June 20. The troops may elect to serve six months or during the existing emergency. In either case they must be transferred into the service of the United States, the time being specified at the meter whether for six months or the emergency. (Signed) A. G. CURTIN.

Philadelphia, June 20. The Bulletin has the following dispatch:

Harrisburg, June 20. Gov. Curtin is much annoyed by officers asking for transportation home of Philadelphia volunteers. He states that he cannot see Pennsylvania troops except as some of them are suffering for want of blankets, &c., and which they cannot receive until they are mustered in. The regiment of Col. Thomas is a unit as far as they are concerned, and reflect great credit upon the patriotic sentiments of the State. Gov. Curtin has offered everything that lay at his command to the soldiers, who do not wish to enlist for six months, but as yet they have not accepted of his offer.

ADMIRAL FOOTEN A DYING CONDITION.

New York, June 20. The Commercial says: Admiral Footen this noon, although able to recognize his friends, is sinking fast. His case has been given up by his physician.

GOOD NEWS.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF A REBEL PRIVATE.

Washington, June 20. Unofficial dispatches from Washington to the 14th inst. have been received. Everything is going on well there. There are many indications that the rebel garrison must soon surrender.

FROM VICKSBURG.

INDICATIONS THAT THE REBELS MUST SOON SURRENDER.

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## Special Notices.

**HAY & STRAW.**  
BALES Hay and Straw, in the latest condition, for sale at the lowest prices. Also, all kinds of Hay and Straw, in the latest condition, for sale at the lowest prices.

**COAL.**  
WHITE ASH, and  
SWINBURNE'S, opposite Fort Mary St.

**PERUVIAN SYRUP.**  
Protected Solution of the  
PROTOSIDE OF IRON.

**DYSPEPSIA.**  
GENERAL DEBILITY,  
CHRONIC DIARRHOEA,  
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,  
and all diseases originating in  
A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD.

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE**  
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

**WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S**  
Celebrated Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature—warranted not to injure the hair in the least; removes the effects of bad dye; and invigorates the hair for life. GLEY, BROWN, or RUSTY HAIR instantly turns a splendid black or brown, leaving the hair soft and beautiful. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on the four sides of each box.

Factory, No. 80 Barclay Street,  
New York.

**CASH PAID FOR GOOD**  
**EMPTY FLOUR BARRELS**

**NARRAGANSETT OIL**

**GUAN CO'S WORKS.**  
PORTSMOUTH, R. I.

**PURE FISH GUANO,**  
FOR SALE.

**MAPLE, OAK AND SOUTHERN**  
**PINE WOOD,**

**Prepared Kindling Wood,**  
elch, Red Ash, Trevelton and Camel

**COAL,**  
AT SWINBURNE'S.

**J. M. HALL,**  
**WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,**

**HAS REMOVED FROM THE PARADE TO**  
**No. 116 Thames Street,**

**Nearly Opposite Daily News Office.**

**EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE,**  
Apply to T. C. BURRIDGE'S Carriage Maker, corner of Exchange and Marlborough streets.

**75 BARRELS FLOUR**  
OF THE

**FOLLOWING BRANDS.**  
MAGASINI  
CAMPBELL'S BEST  
S. C. F. WINE  
COGNAC  
WORLD RENOWNED,  
J. F. HAWKES  
FRANKLIN.

**HOOP SKIRT MANUFACTORY.**  
287 THAMES STREET.

**WHOLESALE & RETAIL.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED are prepared to make Hoop Skirts to order, in all the latest styles.

**THE NEWPORT MARKET.**  
The undersigned having removed from his old stand 116 Thames Street, to the old

**POST OFFICE BUILDING**  
On Pellam Street.

**MEATS, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS**  
OF ALL KINDS.

**Clothes Cleaned, Boquets made to**  
**Order, and Intelligence Offices.**

**THE UNDERSIGNED** has opened a store on the corner of Temple Street and Bath Road for the above purposes.

**HATS! HATS!!**  
We have a splendid variety of Soft Hats just received from the market and are prepared to sell them at the lowest prices.

**OCEAN HOUSE.**  
NEWPORT, R. I.

**THE UNDERSIGNED** has been appointed the agent for the sale of the

**2000 CHESTNUT RAILS**  
For sale by JOHN J. REYNOLDS,

**Wickford, April 8, 1863.**

**DR. JOHN C. MOTTE.**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Office: Corner of Broadway and Howard, Boston.  
He is qualified to treat all diseases of the Lungs and Throat, Scrophulous Affections, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, and all other diseases of the internal organs. He is also qualified to treat all diseases of the skin, and all other diseases of the system. He is a member of the Medical Society of the State of Massachusetts, and of the American Medical Association.

**FISK & HATCH,**  
**BANKERS,**

**Government Securities,**

**The U. S. Five-Twenty Loan.**

**SIX PER CENT BONDS**

**AT PAIR.**

**U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes**

**U. S. 6 percent Bonds of 1861.**

**U. S. One Year Certificates of Indebtedness**

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## Latest News

BY TELEGRAPH  
TO THE  
Newport Daily News.

By the American Line, Knickerbocker Office.

ANOTHER REBEL RAID.

New York, June 22.

[Special.] About 1000 rebels, including Major Cole of the First Maryland Cavalry, made a dash into the city of New York, driving out the enemy, killing two and capturing one. No loss was sustained on our part. Our cavalry passed through the city and immediately after about one hundred and fifty rebels, including Major Cole, were captured. The rebels were driven out of the city and were captured at the city of New York.

THE REBEL INTENTION.

WASHINGTON, June 21.

The real design of the rebel army is to make an attack on the Capital from the Maryland side. An attempt to cross the Potomac between Washington and Edwards Ferry will undoubtedly be made. Refugees and deserters say that Longstreet is near Leesburg, and intends to make an attack on Edwards Ferry.

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## JOSEPH BRADFORD, POSTSCRIPT.

Opposite Postoffice.

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